Kentucky Department for Environmental Protection



Kentucky Division of Waste Management Local Planning and Assistance Section

Section Staff

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Orientation Training: Solid Waste Coordinators and Local Officials

February 5, 2019 KY DEP Training Center Frankfort, Kentucky



WELCOME!



INTRODUCTIONS: WHO WE ARE

Local Planning and Assistance Section:

- Lynn True—Section Supervisor and Local Assistant to counties in Buffalo Trace
 ADD
- Shannon Powers—Local Assistant to counties in Green River, Barren River, Lincoln Trail, Northern Kentucky and KIPDA ADDs
- **Deborah DeLong**—Local Assistant to counties in Purchase, Pennyrile, Bluegrass and Gateway ADDs
- Anita Young—Local Assistant to counties in Lake Cumberland, Cumberland Valley, Kentucky River, Big Sandy and FIVCO ADDs

INTRODUCTIONS: WHO YOU ARE

Let's get acquainted:

- 1. Go around the room
- 2. Let the group know your name
- 3. Let the group know which county you represent

ORIENTATION TRAINING AGENDA:

9:00	.Welcome and Introductions (Shannon)
9:15	.Resources and Information (Shannon)
9:30	Legislative Mandates/Local Responsibilities (Lynn)
10:00	Solid Waste Management Plans (Lynn)
10:30	Break
10:45	Solid Waste Annual Reports (Anita)
11:15	Managing Solid Waste - Identifying Issues (Deb)
11:45	LUNCH
1:00	Managing Solid Waste - Developing Solutions (Deb)
2:00	Managing Your SWMA - Strategies (Deb)
3:00	Adjourn or Optional Q&A with Local Assistant

RESOURCES: WHAT IS AVAILABLE TO SOLID WASTE COORDINATORS

- LAS Staff
- Solid Waste Coordinator Manual
- Website
- Your Very Own County's Solid Waste Files

RESOURCES: LAS STAFF

WHAT WE DO:

- Regulate Solid Waste Management Area (SWMA)
- Approve Solid Waste Management Plan (SWMP)
- Determine Compliance with Plan Implementation
- Provide Guidance and Technical Support for SWMA
- Conduct Annual Trainings for Local Officials
- Develop Resource and Training Materials
- Work Directly with Governing Body on Facility/Local Approval



RESOURCES: SOLID WASTE COORDINATOR MANUAL

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Chapter 1 Intro to Waste Management

Chapter 2 Waste Assessment

Chapter 3 Waste Collection

Chapter 4 Waste Disposal

Chapter 5 Waste Facilities

Chapter 6 Waste Diversion

Chapter 7 Public Outreach

RESOURCES: SOLID WASTE COORDINATOR MANUAL

APPENDICES

Contacts: Staff Information

Reports: Summary and Links to DEP Forms

Grants: Summary and Links to Grant Applications

Documents: Templates, Samples of Permits, Contracts, Franchises, etc.

Energy & Environment Cabinet

Our mission is to provide regulatory guidance, environmental awareness and implement an energy strategy that will bring economic benefits to the Commonwealth while protecting the environment and improving the quality of life for Kentucky businesses, workers and the public in general.

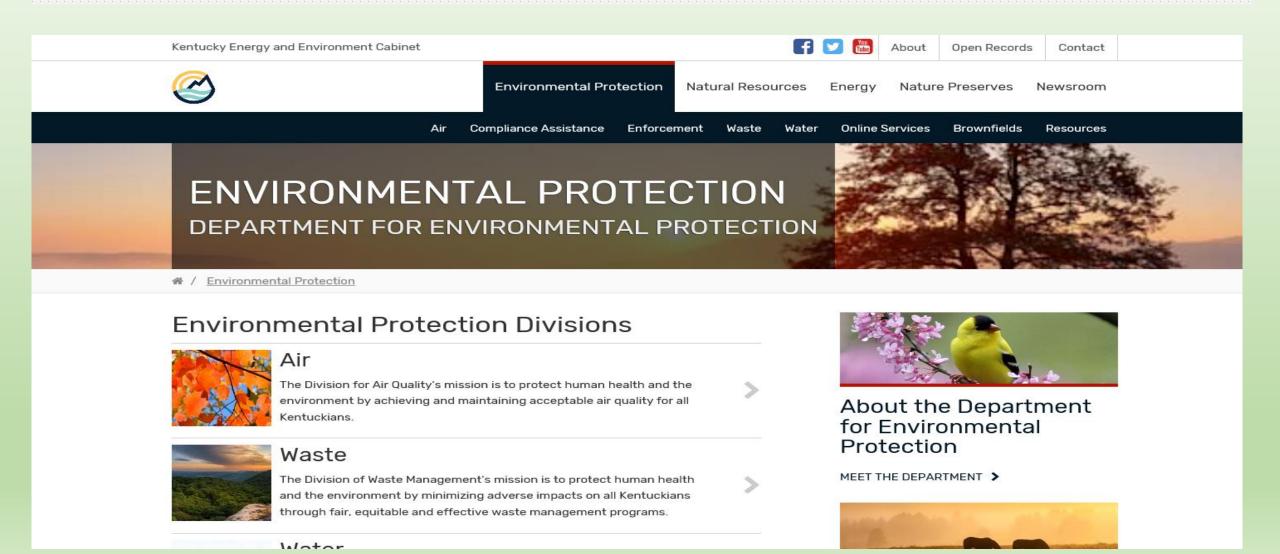




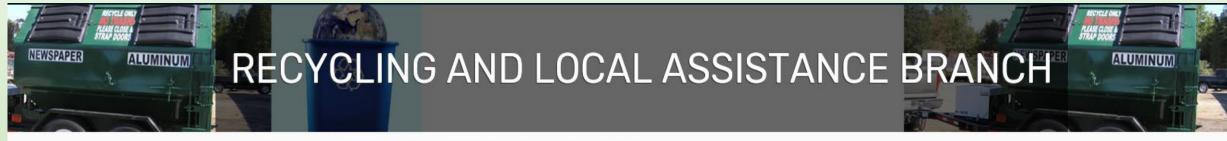












/ Environmental Protection / Waste / Recycling and Local Assistance Branch

Solid Waste Planning

Assistance, training, and resources for local governments with implementation of solid waste programs, including: collection systems, disposal needs, waste diversion, siting facilities, authorizing landfill capacity, and developing solid waste ordinances.

Recycling, Composting & Household Hazardous Waste Management

Recycling in the U.S. is a \$236-billion-a-year industry. Companies rely on recycling programs to provide the raw materials they need to make new products. The average American discards

CONTACT US	>
Grants Program	>
Commonwealth Cleanup Week	>
Solid Waste Coordinators	A
County Judge Executives	A
RLA Topics A-Z	B



Local Planning and Assistance Overview

All Kentucky counties are statutorily required to designate a solid waste management area (or district) and develop a solid waste management plan (SWMP) to manage the municipal solid waste generated in their area. In order to ensure that these obligations are fulfilled, the Local Planning and Assistance Section works closely with solid waste coordinators and other local officials. In addition to helping local governments work through planning issues, our staff conducts trainings and develops resource materials to aid in the planning process. Examples of how our staff can assist local governments include:

- · Answering questions about updating, amending and implementing SWMPs,
- · Assisting with data collection and analysis for completing Annual Reports.
- Providing guidance for developing local ordinances, codes and regulations.
- Coordinating local site approval of solid waste facilities with the state permitting.
- · Helping communities make informed decisions regarding solid waste facilities.
- · Supporting environmental education and outreach efforts for communities.

Solid Waste Management Plans and Annual Reports

In addition to updating a comprehensive solid waste management plan every five years, each solid waste management area (or district) must submit a completed annual report no later than March 1st of each year. So Forms and support materials for the Solid Waste Management Area Annual Report and the Solid Waste Management Plan can be accessed from this link.

WEB PAGE: Solid Waste Planning

- Overview of Solid Waste Planning
- Reporting Requirements
- Report and Planning Forms
- Support Materials

WEB PAGE: PLAN-IT: TRAINING AND DEVELOPMENT

- Annual Trainings at Area Development Districts (ADDs)
- Annual Orientation Trainings in Frankfort
- Annual Reporting and Planning Workshops (ARP) Workshops
- Publications: SWC Manual (download manual/fact sheets)
- PLAN-IT NEWSLETTER

RESOURCES: YOUR VERY OWN COUNTY'S SOLID WASTE FILES

WHAT ARE IN THE FILES:

- Current 5-year SWMP
- Past 5-year SWMPs
- Most Current Annual Report
- Past Annual Reports
- List of Permitted Waste Sites in the County
- Statuses of Permitted Waste Sites in the County
- Permits and/or Applications for Waste Sites in the County
- Contact Information for Your Advisory Board
- Contact Information for Your Community Officials

Managing Municipal Solid Waste at the Local Level

As a Solid Waste Coordinator, what should you know about...

- Solid Waste Streams: Types of Wastes
- Solid Waste Systems: Functional Elements
- Solid Waste Planning: Key Components

What is Solid Waste?

► Solid Waste: Discarded Materials

- ► Three Ways to Categorize:
 - Type of Materials (plastic, glass, organic, etc.)
 - ▶ Potential for Hazard (radioactive, flammable, toxic, etc.)
 - ► Origin of Waste (source, generator)

What is Municipal Solid Waste?

Municipal Solid Waste (MSW): Household and Commercial Sources

Examples:

<u>Durable goods</u>: furniture, appliances, tires, electronics

Non-durable goods: paper, packaging, food waste, yard trimmings

<u>Household Hazardous Waste</u>: cleaning chemicals, used oil, batteries, light bulbs, fluorescent lamps, aerosol spray cans, etc.

Household Medical, Pharmaceutical Waste: needles, sharps, medicine

What is Municipal Solid Waste Management?

MSW Management:

- Supervision and control of all the activities associated with the flow of waste [waste stream] from the point of generation, through collection, transport, processing and recycling or final disposal.
- > The main objectives of management include:
 - Protect human health
 - Protect the environment
 - Conserve resources and energy

What is a Municipal Solid Waste Management System?

- Solid Waste System: Functional elements; "hands-on"
- ► Solid Waste Plan: Key components; "blueprint"
- ► Solid Waste Area: Jurisdiction; geographic area

Functional Elements of a Solid Waste System

Waste Generation

Storage and Handling

Collection

Transfer and Transport

Process and Recovery

Final Disposal



Key Components of a Solid Waste Plan

Establishing Authority

Setting Policy

Enforcing Policy

Budgeting Programs

Implementing Programs

Educating the Public



As a Solid Waste Coordinator, why should you care about...

- > Solid Waste History and Legislative Milestones
 - > 1970s Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
 - > 1980s Solid Waste Dilemma
 - > 1990s Kentucky's Solid Waste Legislation
 - 2000s Kentucky's Solid Waste Legislation

1998 – Kentucky law created the Waste Tire Trust Fund to help generate funds for counties to address the problem of waste tires. Tire funds come from a \$1 fee on the sale of all new motor vehicle tires sold in Kentucky. The funds are used for tire collection, disposal and/or recycling.

1982 – Kentucky law declared local government (counties or solid waste districts) as the authority over solid waste collection, management, disposal and reduction of waste in their communities.
 This legislation also required all 120 counties to develop a Solid Waste Management Plan (SWMP).

1991 – Kentucky passed Senate Bill 2 which further developed the role of local government with respect to solid waste management.

The new laws made local governments responsible for the following:

- Update Solid Waste Management Plans (SWMPs) every 5 years.
- Determine disposal capacity needs for waste generated in the county.
- > Obtain capacity assurance from one or more landfills for 10 years.

Ability to authorize capacities for landfills as determined by the community's public input. (Under the 1991 solid waste law, the state cannot permit new or increase capacity at landfills unless the increased capacity is consistent with the disposal needs identified in the county solid waste management plan -- this requirement is called "local determination").

2002 – Kentucky passed House Bill 174 and created the **Kentucky Pride Fund** to help provide grant funding to local governments for the following:

Cleanup of litter along roadsides

Cleanup of illegal dump sites

Closure of state historic and orphaned landfills

Recycling Programs and Collection Events for Household Hazardous

Waste (amended 2006)

Kentucky's Senate Bill 2

1991 Solid Waste Legislation - County Responsibility

- Designate a Solid Waste Management Area (SWMA)
- Develop Comprehensive Solid Waste Management Plan (SWMP)
- > Update the SWMP every 5 years and Amend SWMP as Needed
- Provide Universal Collection to All Residents within the SWMA
- Assure Disposal Capacity for Waste Generated in the SWMA
- Authorize Capacity for Waste Disposal in Host Landfills
- Determine Local Siting Procedures
- Involve the Public in the Decision-Making Process
- > Set goals to reduce waste, increase recycling, clean litter and dumps

Kentucky's House Bill 174

2002 Kentucky Pride Fund

- > \$1.75 environmental remediation fee "tipping fee" per ton waste
- Funding mechanism for historic landfills (orphan landfills)
- > Funding mechanism for illegal open dump cleanups
- Recycling Programs and HHW Collection Events (2006)

As a Solid Waste Coordinator, what should your focus be...

Local Responsibilities:

- Inspecting and Monitoring Programs
- Enforcing Ordinances and Policies
- > Educating and Informing the Public
- Meeting Reporting Requirements

Inspecting and Monitoring

- Oversee Collection: Universal Collection
- ► Arrange for Disposal: Capacity Assurance
- ► Follow Up on Complaints and Non Compliance
- Monitor Facilities in the Area for Issues

Enforcing Ordinances and Policy

- Know Your Local Solid Waste Ordinances
- Develop a Process for Enforcement
- ▶ Work with County Attorney or Other Local Officials

Educate and Inform the Public

- ▶ Educate citizens, school groups and local officials
- Provide information about services and programs
- Inform the public about fines and penalties
- ► Keep citizens aware of planning and siting issues

Fulfill Reporting Requirements

- ► Annual Reports Due March 1st
- ► SWMPs Update every 5 years
- SWMPs Amend as needed
- ► Grant Reporting According to funding cycle

Questions?

SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT ANNUAL REPORTS

TOPICS OF DISCUSSION:

- STATUTES AND REGULATIONS
- REPORTING REQUIREMENTS
- REPORTING FORMS
- COLLECTING DATA
- SUBMITTING REPORTS

Statutes and Regulations:

KRS 224.43-310

Requires the Energy and Environmental Cabinet to have primary responsibility for coordinating the solid waste planning, management and approval activities.

KRS 224.43-310 (5)

Requires each governing body to report annually to the Cabinet on the status of solid waste management in its area.

401 KAR 49:011

Requires all counties/SWMAs to submit the status of solid waste management planning in their area each year by March 1st.

Cabinet's goal is to reduce the amount of solid waste disposed in municipal solid waste facilities in the State.

The Annual Report provides the means of tracking how those goals are met and identify any items that need to be adjusted or amended over the 5-year period.

All counties/SWMAs must prepare and submit to the Division of Waste Management (DWM) by March 1st of each year, an Annual Report of the status of solid waste management in their area for the previous years data.

Solid Waste Management Area Annual Report Form - DEP 6061

http://waste.ky.gov/RLA/Pages/forms.aspx

Kentucky Department for Environmental Protection							FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY. DO NOT WRITE IN THIS SPACE		
Division of Waste Management Recycling and Local Assistance Branch Local Assistance Section							NOTWRITEIN	HIS SPACE	
200 Fair Oaks Lane – Frankfort KY 40601 (502) 564-6716									
Solid Waste	Management A		ıl Re	port					
1. Report Year									
2. County or Solid Waste Manage	ement Area								
3. Governing Body		☐ 109 Bo	☐ 109 Board ☐ Fiscal Court		scal Court	Solid Waste Management Area			
4. Solid Waste Coordinator (SWC	()								
SWC Position	☐ Full-tim	☐ Full-time ☐ Part-time							
List Other Position(s) Held by SWC	>								
Email:	Phone Nur	Phone Number: () -			Fax Number: () -				
	Į.	5. REPORT P	REPA	RATI	ON				
Report Completed by:		Signature:				Date: / /			
Email:		Phone Number: () -				Fax Number: () -			
	6	. ORDINANC	ES AI	MEND	ED				
Solid waste ordinance(s) amended during the calendar year?					☐ Yes		/es	□ No	
If yes, provide a short description of	utlining the amendmen	nt(s):							
	7.	OUT-OF-STA	ATE D	ISPO	SAL				
Out-of-State Disposal Facility or Transfer Stations		State	State		Amount Disposed (Tons)		emaining Permit Capacity (Years)	Cost/Ton	
	8. COMPOST/YA				BRIS MANAGEN			-	
Yard waste collected or managed for the purpose of diverting Any cities within county collect or manage yard waste for the p						Yes (List Cities)		□ No	
	the purpose of	purpose of diverting it from a landfill?				s (List Cities)	□ No		
1)						3)	-		
S) Tons of yard waste diverted from landfill(s) from all cities as well as the county:						6) Total Tons			
rons or yard waste diverted from la		9. RECYCLIN			FS	rotal	TOHS		
		this section fo							
		9(a). Fa	cility	#1					
Recycling Facility									
Owner/Operator									

Solid Waste Management Area Annual Report Form - DEP 6061

Let's take a look at the Annual Report Form - DEP 6061 by sections

Section 1-5 is demographic info

Section 6 Ordinances that have been amended. If you have amended ANY ordinances you will need to update your SWMP.

Section 7 Out of state disposal: this is important because it is part of the count that the state uses to determine environmental remediation fees due. That money helps to clean up open dumps in your area

Section 8 Yard debris/compost: determines if unnecessary waste is going to a landfill. Do you need a composting facility in your area? This is how you assess your needs

Section 9 Recycling facilities: list each recycling facilities. Types of collection system, function, and what they recycle

Section 10 Total amount of recycling materials: This will determine percentages towards your overall goal

• Be careful to make sure you are reporting tons/gallons/etc correctly. Don't report ounces instead of pounds... etc...

Section 11 Public Education: check all those that apply and consider adding more.

Section 12 And 14 Financial: how are you going to pay for your programs? We need to know...

Section 13 Illegal open dumps: A measure of how well you are cleaning up your area

Section 15 Collection systems: list your collection demographic information, make sure it is right... This matters for the federal EPA report

Section 16 Collectors: List all your collectors... If they are recyclers too, list them in both sections

Section 17 Transfer stations: list all

Section 18 Facilities: list all, make sure you mark type of facility and all information

Section 19 Household participation rate.. The big number.... Do that math...houses served/population

Section 20 Enforcement: what do you have in place? What strides have you made? List them

Section 21 Special events: does not include everyday pickups. These are special events scheduled for the residents by groups or county.

Section 22 Sign that form: the person with signature authority is your governing body: your judge executive, or 109 Board Chair.

The SWC cannot sign this form

Collecting Data for the Solid Waste Management Annual Report

- SWC should request data from all Transfer Stations, Compost and Recycling facilities in the area.
- Annual Waste Hauler and Recycler Registration and Reporting Form -DEP 5033 Must be submitted with the Annual Report
- Collect data year round, review past reports, search on web, ask residences who haulers are

Annual Waste Hauler and Recycler Registration and Reporting Form -DEP 5033

KRS 224.43-315

Requires all persons providing collection service, to register annually with the counties in which they provide the service.

Requires All Collectors to Register and Report

Annually to Counties

401 KAR 49:080

Requirement for all persons providing collection service, including collection for the purpose of recycling, to register annually with the counties in which they provide the service.

Annual Waste Hauler and Recycler Registration and Reporting Form - DEP 5033

- The number of households, businesses, and industries from which municipal solid waste was being collected
- The amount of municipal solid waste collected for disposal during the previous calendar year;
- The amount of municipal solid waste collected for recycling, by volume, weight, or number of items during the previous calendar year;
- The types of items collected for recycling.

The data you collect will help you determine if you are reaching your goal of diverting waste from the landfill.

If you haven't set goals that are diverting waste then you need to amend your plan.

What does the state do with the data you submit on the Annual Report?

We use the information for the State's annual report that goes to EPA.

It's a measure of how the state is doing with diversion and disposal.

What happens if you do not complete your Annual Report and submit it to the state on time?

Your county will be in noncompliance which according to KRS 224.43-315, can result in losing grant funding for the county!

Extension will only be given if an emergency prevented you from getting it done on time!

SO LET'S DO A RECAP OF WHAT WE LEARNED!

IT'S THE STATE LAW: You must submit your Annual Report or you will be in noncompliance which could lose your grant funding for the county

YOU MUST SUBMIT: All documents used to complete the Annual Report. Reports can be mailed, emailed or hand delivered

COLLECT DATA: You must work with your facilities and waste haulers to compile data

REPORTING DEADLINES: Annual Reports are due by March 1st

SWC CANNOT SIGN THE ANNUAL REPORT: Must be signed by Judge or Chairperson of 109 Board

 Your Local Assistant will complete a compliance review of the Annual Report and contact you if the report is incomplete.

What questions do you have for me?

Solid Waste Management Issues: A Problem-Solving Approach

- 1.7 to 1.9 Billion Metric tons of waste is created worldwide, with most going to landfills.
- Around 15% of Kentuckians do not participate in any sort of waste collection service
 - Recycling rate is 37%

• A systematic Action for managing waste needs to include a plan to deal with it from creation to final disposal or diversion.

So: what, how, where and why do this?

What do you need?

Waste Assessment for your county:

- Demographics
- Topography
- Capacity needs
- Services and procedures currently in place

How do you gather it all up?

Waste Collection for your county:

- Develop, Design, Implement, Evaluate
- Statutes, Regulations, Ordinances
- Capturing data from collectors and facilities
- Recordkeeping and reporting

Where does it end up?

Waste Disposal for your county:

- Landfill usage
- Capacity Assurance
- Transfer stations, convenient centers
- Recordkeeping and reporting

Where does it go if not to the landfill?

Waste Diversion for your county:

- Recycling Centers
- Market pricing
- Communication
- Education
- Recordkeeping and reporting

Why would the residents have buy-in?

Public Outreach for your county:

- Education
- Information
- Communication
- Recordkeeping and reporting

Lunch Break!

- Consider any specific questions you have
- Think of any stories you would like to tell
- Please return by 1:00 pm and ready to work
- Small presentation and then break out session

Waste Assessment Issues:

- Increasing in population and waste quantities
 - Census information
 - Track businesses
 - Waste characteristics
 - Lack of good records
 - Host community impacts
 - Capacity assurance

Waste Collection Issues:

- Poor transport and Collection services:
 - Ordinance: Mandatory vs. Universal
 - Providers: Public vs. Private
 - Private Providers: Franchise, Permit,
 Subscription
 - Door to Door, Self-haul options
 - Recordkeeping and funding
 - Public Information, Education

Waste Disposal Issues:

- Poor Local Planning and Management:
 - Comprehensive SWMP
 - Ordinance: Comprehensive SWM
 - Ordinance: Planning and Zoning
 - Ordinance: Facility Siting
 - Ordinance: Specialized such as nuisance and littering
 - Host agreements/contracts with landfill and haulers

Waste Disposal Issues:

- Poor Landfill Management:
 - Host agreement, ordinances
 - Inspections and Monitoring
 - Compliance
 - Communication with County and Public

Waste Diversion Issues:

- Lack of Education and Limited Opportunities:
 - Recycling
 - Reusing
 - Repurposing
 - Resource Recovery
 - Reduction

Public Outreach Issues:

- Lack of Communication:
 - Difference between information and education
 - Who, what, when, where, how
 - Target audiences
 - Media
 - Public outcry vs. Mass Hysteria
 - Public relations offense.. Be proactive

Break out sessions are next

Groups of +/- 5 people